

Alaska Highway Road Log

The engineering marvel of the Second World War, and major adventure road to drive to Alaska. To many, this trip represents a lifetime of planning and thought, while to others it is an annual journey. Whether this is your first time driving to Alaska or you're a seasoned traveller of the Alaska highway, we hope the following information will be an asset. Stretching 2,288 km/1422 miles from Dawson Creek, British Columbia to Delta Junction Alaska. The Alcan Highway is mostly paved in Canada and all paved in Alaska.

From Dawson Creek, the Alaska highway extends almost 968 km/595 miles to Lower Post where it enters the <u>Yukon</u>. The highway winds through the Yukon for about 885 km/550 miles and crosses into Alaska at mile 1221/km 1964. Continuing on to Delta Junction at mile 1422/km 2288, the Alaska Highway joins the <u>Richardson Highway</u> for the remaining 98 miles/158 km to <u>Fairbanks AK</u>.

0-<u>Dawson Creek</u>. Elevation 2,185 ft. Junction of Alaska Highway and Highway 97 (Hart Highway).

km2.4/mile 1.5 Mile 0 RV Park, Walter Wright Pioneer Village..

km 3.2/mile 2 Dawson Creek Public Golf Course.

km 5.3/mile 3.32 Parking.

km 14/mile 8.7 Farmington Fairways and Campground 250-843-7774, 9-hole par 36 golf course, driving range, licensed clubhouse, rentals. Campground pull throughs with hook-ups, firepits, tables, pit toilets and sani station.

km 16/mile 9.9 Parking on left northbound.

km 16.5/mile 10.2 Parking on right northbound.

km 23.6/mile 14.7 Farmington Store

km 28/mile 17.2 Kiskatinaw Provincial Park, 5 km. 28 camp sites, water, firewood, tables and fishing. Fee area.10 km/6.2 mile loop road on old Alaska Highway rejoins the highway at km 34/mile 21.

km 29.3/mile 18.2 Parking on right northbound

km 33/mile 20.6 Kiskatinaw River Bridge. Rest Area on right northbound, picnic tables and toilets.

km 48/mile 29.8 Brake check and parking on both sides of highway at top of hill overlooking the Peace River.

km 49.8/mile 30.9(HM 33) Parking with view of Peace River Valley.

km 55/mile 34.2 Taylor Landing Provincial Park. Picnic tables and boat launch.

km 55.5/mile 34.5 Peace River Bridge. 712 meters



km 57/mile 35.4 (HM 36) Taylor. Population 1200. Gas, groceries, accommodations, post office, restaurants. Nestled on the banks of the majestic Peace River, Taylor offers a wide variety of recreation and amenities. A \$40 million natural gas scrubbing plant & oil refinery are here at the beginning of a 700-mile natural gas pipeline which supplies Vancouver & western Washington.

Motels

Taylor Lodge 10256 - 100 St. 250 789-3024.

Things to Do

The Lone Wolf Golf Course is an excellent 18-hole championship golf course and is open to the public. It is also home of the world's largest golf ball. 250-789-3711

km 65/mile 40.4 Fort St. John Airport.

km 73.2/mile 45.5 Free dump station on right northbound.

km 75.6/mile 47 (HM 48) Fort St. John is the largest centre in the Peace River North region, and a transportation hub for the Peace. Oil and gas, forestry and agriculture are also important to the local economy.

km 79.5/mile 49.4-Beatton Provincial Park, 8 km side road. 37 camp sites.

km 82/mile 51-Charlie Lake, gas, accommodations.

km 82/mile 51-Charlie Lake RV Park 1 km past the Charlie Lake General Store on mile 52 of the Alaska Highway. Laundry, showers, full service, pull thrus, fire pits, playground. 250-787-1569.

km 86.5/mile 54-Junction with Highway 29. Alternate all-paved route to Chetwynd on Highway 97, and the town of Hudson's Hope. The 600-ft. high dam across the Peace River valley forms the 640-square mile Williston Lake, the largest lake in BC.

km 96/mile 59.7-Parking area.

km 105.2/mile 65.4-Parking.

■km 116/mile 72-The Shepherd's Inn, A most warm welcome awaits you. Offering a complete breakfast, lunch and dinner menu. Low-fat buffalo burgers, Russian borsch soup, cinnamon rolls, muffins, delicious desserts, cheesecake, ice cream and pies. 24-hour motel. High speed Internet. Quality Husky products including gas, diesel and propane. An oasis on the Alcan at Mile 72. 250-827-3676
shepherd@ocol.com

km 127/mile 79-Rest Area, tables, toilets and playground.

km 162/mile 101(HM 101)-Wonowon. This small highway settlement is the gateway to a vast wilderness of mountains, rivers and lakes accessed by the Alaska Highway. Formerly known as "Blueberry," Wonowon was the site of a traffic control gate during World War II.



km 183/mile 114-Parking, litter barrel.

km 200/mile 124.3-Parking at top of hill.

km 218/mile 135.5-Parking.

■km 226/mile 140 (HM 143) Buffalo Inn has clean, modern motel units, an RV park with hookups & laundromat. The restaurant features home cooking with a great menu. This is the only Pub between Fort St. John and Fort Nelson. 250-772-3234

km 229/mile 142-Parking.

km 232.9/mile 144.7 (HM 148)- Beatton River.

km 234/mile 145-Parking, point of interest sign on Suicide Hill.

№ km 236/mile 147 Sasquatch Crossing Lodge Open year round. Cabins, gifts and souvenirs. The restaurant features daily specials with home-cooking. A favorite stopping place for seasoned Alaska Highway travelers. 250-772-3220.

km 250.5/mile 156--Large parking area.

km256.2/mile 159 (HM 162)-Sikanni Chief River Bridge. Spring fishing for grayling. Fall fishing for pike.

km 256.5/mile 159.4--Sikanni River RV Park, full or partial hook-ups, clean restrooms.

km 28.59/mile 173 (HM 175)-Buckinghorse River, Provincial Park. Fee area, 33 camp sites, tables, toilets, drinking water. Swimming and fishing in river.

2 km 279/mile 173 Buckinghorse River Lodge Free RV parking (no hookups). There is a full service restaurant with home-style cooking and friendly service. Wi-fi & satellite TV. Gas, diesel & propane The Historical Buckinghorse River Lodge is found on the left northbound and this is the recommended stop. 250-772-4999

km 282/mile 176-Parking, litter barrel.

km 293/mile 182-Large parking area, litter barrel..

km 320/mile 199-Parking, litter barrels.

km 357/mile 223.1-Bougie Creek, parking.

km 365/mile 226.8 (HM 233)- Prophet River.

km 365.5/mile 227.3-Adsett Creek, parking..

km 374.5/mile 232.7-Parking, litter barrel.



km 420/mile 261-Large parking area, litter barrel..

km 426/mile 265.5-Jackfish Creek.

km 427/mile 265-Andy Bailey Provincial Park, access by 12 km gravel road. Day-use area, 5 campsites, (not recommended for large vehicles) water, picnic tables, toilets, beach, swimming and boat launch. No turnaround area.

km 435/mile 270.3-Natural Gas processing plant.

km 451/mile 281-Muskwa River Bridge. Lowest point on highway 1,000 ft. Muskwa is Indian for "bear", and the area has many.

km455/mile 282.7-Fort Nelson. Population 5,900.

km 458/mile 284 to km 468/mile 291 Old Alcan Highway loop road rejoins the Alaska Highway at km 468. Also access to Poplar Hills Golf Course - 9 holes, driving range, open daily.

km 483.5/mile 300.4 Highway 77, Liard Highway to Fort Liard and the Mackenzie Highway to Fort Simpson. It is a good gravel highway. The highway was officially opened in June of 1984. Check current road conditions at the Visitor Infocenters in Fort Nelson BC or Fort Simpson, NWT. Gas is limited with facilities at Fort Liard at 170 km/105 miles and at 394 km/245 mile junction of MacKenzie Highway.

km 495.8/mile 308 Raspberry Creek

km 509/mile 318 Kledo Creek.

km 516/mile 322 Steamboat Creek.

km 526/mile 329 Parking.

km 533.2/mile 333.5 Parking with view of Muskwa River Valley.

km 536.6/mile 335.4 Steamboat Mountain Summit. 3,500 ft. Rest area...

km 549/mile 341 View of Indian Head Mountain.

km551.5/mile 343 View of Teetering Rock & Trail.

km 576.5/mile 358 Tetsa River Regional Park, 2 km side road. 25 sites, water, toiletsand firewood. Fishing for grayling & Dolly Varden, in the Tetsa River. Fee area.

km 584.6/mile 363.2 Tetsa River Bridge #1.

km 587.3/mile 365 Tetsa River Bridge # 2, parking.

km 597.7/mile 371.3 Summit Lake (Stone Mountain) Provincial Campground, 28 camp sites, water, tables, boat launch, hiking trails. Fee area. Highest point on the Highway - 4,250 ft.

km 601.4/mile 373.7 Erosion Pillars to the north, hard-rock cores left by erosion, parking.



km 609/mile 378 Parking, watch for Stone Sheep.

km 616.5/mile 383 115 Creek, wayside and rest area, tables, toilets, no drinking water.

km 618/mile 384 McDonald River.

km 641/mile 398.3 Racing River, parking at south end of bridge. Fishing for grayling and Dolly Varden.

● Toad River Lodge km 647.4/mile 402.2 (HM 422). Cabins with kitchenettes are available, reservations recommended. A very nice RV Park, that has full hookups, free satellite TV and Wi-fi. This is an excellent restaurant with home cooked meals. Service station with fuel & repairs. 250-232-5401 855-878-8623

km 648.8/mile 403.2 Parking.

km 656.5/mile 408 Parking, information sign on geological formations of Folded Mountain. Tectonic deformations have folded the limestone giving these mountains their unique appearance

km 664.8/mile 413.1 150 Creek.

km 668.4/mile 415.3 Parking beside Toad River.

km 671.7/mile 417.4 Toad River. There are several small parking areas along this section of highway.

km 677/mile 420 Parking.

km 678.6/mile 421.6 Peterson Creek named for Pete Peterson, a local trapper and big game guide, who came to the area in 1933.

km 689/mile 428 View of Sawtooth Mountains.

km 695/mile 439 Mucho Creek.

km 699/mile 434 Muncho Lake. Accommodations, gas, campgrounds, groceries, boats and motors, fishing tackle all found along 7-mile section of road that skirts shoreline. Lake trout, whitefish, grayling and burbot. June is the best month for trolling with red and white spoons. Fishing is good near the small island at north end of lake. Stone sheep, goats, moose, caribou and grizzlies abound in area.

There are many small parking areas alongside Muncho Lake.

km 701/mile 435.5 Strawberry Flats Campground. 15 camp sites on the shore of Muncho Lake, tables, toilets. Fee area.

km 705/mile 438 Rest area, stop of interest, information panels, wildlife viewing.



● Northern Rockies Lodge km 709/mile 440.5 (HM 462). It is one of the most beautiful Lodges on the Highway. Hotel & dining room, cozy cabins, lakeshore chalets, RV Park, Wi-fi, Nahanni National Park Tours, guided fishing trips. Open year round. 250-776-3481 or toll free 800-663-5269 www.northernrockieslodge.com

km 709/mile 440.5 MacDonald Campground. 15 camp sites on the shore of Muncho Lake, water, toilets. Fee area.

● Muncho Lake RV Park. km710/mile441 (HM 463) Come stay with us, you'll love it! Situated at historical Mile 463 (km 710) Alaska Highway overlooking beautiful Muncho Lake. Large pull-thru sites with water, sewer and 30 amp power, Take in a game of horseshoes, fish off the dock or relax and enjoy the serenity of the views. Caravans welcome. Phone for reservations or just drop in. 250-776-3005

km 712/mile 442 Viewpoint of Muncho Lake, tables, toilets.

km 727/mile 452 View Point, Hiking. There is a good chance you will see stone sheep in this area. Numerous natural mineral licks are found in the gullies near the highway.

km 729/mile 453 Parking, park information, litter barrels.

km 732.7/mile 455.3 Trout River Bridge. Grayling, whitefish. Flies and small spinners are best.

km 735/mile 457 Parking by Trout River. There are several small parking areas between here and km 750.

km 737/mile 458 Prochniak Creek, parking.

km 749/mile 465 Parking, litter barrel.

km 763/mile 474 Lower Liard River Bridge. This major northern river drains the eastern slopes of the Rocky Mountains and flows across the northern plain of British Columbia to empty into the Mackenzie River. The Liard, the Peace and Athabasca rivers, were natural water highway for the Fur Traders.

km 764.7/mile 475.1 Liard River Hot Springs Provincial Park, water, toilets, firewood and day-use area. Natural hot springs, bathing pools, change houses at both pools, boardwalk connecting both pools, amphitheater, playground, horseshoe pits, wheelchair accessible. Enjoy a walk along the boardwalk to the mineral pools. This is a vey busy park during the summer. Visitors are warned to watch for signs of bear. Store food in your car or in the food cache.

www.env.gov.bc.ca/parks

km 792.3/mile 492.3 Smith River, large parking areas at both ends of bridge. Grayling, Dolly Varden. Smith River Falls, 1.5 mile gravel side road leads to viewpoint overlooking Smith River Falls. There is a good 1/4 mile trail to base of falls. Good turnaround area but will be tight if you are towing.

km 816/mile 509 Large parking area.

km 822.7/mile 511 (HM 533) Coal River Lodge.

km 823/mile 511.4 Coal River Bridge.



km 831.6/mile 516 Whirlpool Canyon rest area, camping, Short trail leads to Canyon.

km 840.2/mile522 Large parking area, view of Cranberry Rapids on the Liard River.

km 880/mile 546.8 Allen's Lookout; large parking area with picnic tables, toilets.

km 909.4/mile 565 Contact Creek, rest area. Grayling and Dolly Varden. Sign about U.S. Army Engineers, some working southward, others northward, met here on September 24, 1942, marking completion of the highway.

km 910/mile 565.5 Parking, historical marker, BC/Yukon Border, First Crossing. From here to official border crossing, highway crosses border 7 times.

Contact Creek Lodge km 912/mile 566 (HM 590) Groceries, souvenirs and fishing licenses. Gas, diesel and repairs & towing. 867-536-2262

km 937/mile 582.2 Hyland River, parking at north end of bridge. Fishing.

km 957.5/mile 595 Lower Post, BC 1 km/.6 mile side road). Pop. 150, elevation 1,925 ft., was an early-day Hudson's Bay Company trading outpost.

km 967.6/mile 601.2 BC/Yukon border. Parking.

km 974/mile 601.2 Rest Stop, toilets. Welcome to the Yukon sign.

km 980/mile 609Watson Lake.

km 984/mile 611.4-Watson Lake Recreation Park, 4 km/3 miles access road, 55 camp sites, water, shelters, beach, boat launch, hiking trails, playground. Fee area.

km 991.5/mile 616-Upper Liard River bridge. Fishing for grayling, Dolly Varden, lake trout, and northern pike in spring and fall.

km 993/mile 617- Albert Creek

km 1001.2/mile 622-Rantin Lake, stocked with rainbow, good fishing.

km 1001.6/mile 622.4 (HM 649)-Junction of Cassiar Highway 37 and Alaska Highway. This 724km/450 mile long highway joins the BC towns of Kitwanga, Stewart, Dease Lake with the Alaska Highway.

Junction 37 Services. 867-536-2794. Gas, diesel, propane, groceries, motel, free RV dump and water, full hook-ups, campground, restaurant, car wash, showers, laundromat and cold beer off-sales.



● Nugget City, km 1003/mile 623 (HM 650) Just past the Stewart-Cassiar junction is Nugget City. They have an RV Park, gift shop. Jacuzzi cabins are available. Great prices on fuel. Mechanic, RV wash, & horse corral. They regularly offer up to 40% off selected items in the Gift Shop. This is a very nice facility with lots of amenities and a good reputation among highway travellers. 867-536-2307 www.nuggetcity.com

km 1003.4/mile 623.5 Rest area with information map.

km 1035.9/mile 670.4 Little Rancheria Creek, parking.

km 1042.1/mile 647.5 Big Creek bridge. Big Creek wayside and rest area, day use area just north of bridge Toilets, kitchen shelters, tables, and water.

km 1042.2/mile 647.5 Big Creek Campround. 15 camp sites, toilets, picnic tables, water pump. Fee area.

km 1063.1/mile 660.5 Lower Rancheria River, rest area with toilets just south of bridge. Fishing for grayling and Dolly Varden. Use small black flies or spinners. Fishing is best in August.

km 1075.4/mile 668.2 Spencer Creek.

km 1083.7/mile 673.4 Rest area by Rancheria river.

km 1086/mile 674.8 George's Gorge.

km 1100/mile 683.5 (HM 710) Rancheria Hotel/Motel, visitor facilities.

km 1103/mile 685.3 Canyon Creek.

km 1108.2/mile 688.6 Young Creek.

km 1112.5/km 691.3 Rancheria Falls recreation site, large parking area, toilets. Well maintained trail and boardwalk lead to Rancheria River and Falls. 10-minute hike.

km 1113.8/mile 692 Porcupine Creek.

km 1118.5/mile 695 Upper Rancheria River.

km 1120/mile 696 Continental Divide rest area with toilets and information sign.

km 1124/mile 698.4 Large parking area beside Swift River.

km 1130.4/mile 702.4 Rest area

km 1136.2/mile 706 Seagull Creek.

km 1136.7/mile 706.3 (HM 733) Swift River Maintenance Camp.

km 1140.9/mile 708.9 Partridge Creek.



km 1150.1/mile 714.6 Screw Creek, parking.

km 1152.1/mile 715.9 Rest Area with scenic view. Swan Lake south of highway has Lake Trout and Whitefish. BC fishing license required. Toilets.

km 1165/mile 724 Logjam Creek.

km 1177.3/mile 731.5 Smart River, large parking areas at both ends of bridge. Halfway Point Between Dawson Creek and Fairbanks.

km 1191/mile 740 Upper Hazel Creek.

km 1193/mile 741 Lower Hazel Creek.

km 1194/mile 741.9 Rest area, toilets.

km 1199.1/mile 745.1 Andrew Creek.

km 1204/mile 748.1 Morley River Yukon Government Day-Use Area. Tables, toilets, kitchen shelter and water. Fly fishing for grayling.

km 1204.3/mile 748.6 Morley River Bridge, parking

km 1218.2/mile 757 Strawberry Creek.

km 1223.2/mile 760 Hays Creek.

www.dawsonpeaks.ca

km 1242/ mile 771.7 Rest area with view of Nisutlin Bay Bridge.

km 1242.7/mile 772.2 Teslin Lake and Nisutlin Bay Bridge. Large parking area with point of interest sign at south end of bridge.

(HM 804)-Teslin. Population 450.

■ Yukon Motel Km 1243.5/mile 772.7 (HM 804) on the shore of the beautiful Nisutlin Bay. Lakeshore RV Park with exceptional views of the surrounding scenery. Motel Rooms, Souvenir Shop, Northern Wildlife Gallery, Licensed Restaurant, Gas Station. 867-390-2443.

www.yukonmotel.com

➡Nisutlin Trading Post Motel Km 1243.6/mile 772.8. Clean comfortable priced rooms including satellite TV and phones.

Groceries, bakery, fresh produce, soft ice-cream and dairy as well as hardware, camping gear, fishing tackle and licenses. There is an ATM and a pay phone.

The service station has unleaded, premium and diesel fuel. On the Alaska Highway on the left if you are headed for Alaska. 867- 390- 2521



km 1243.3/mile772.5 Parking by Teslin Lake.

km 1248.7/mile 776 Fox Creek.

km 1258/mile 781.7 Teslin Lake Yukon government campground. 27 camp sites, fishing, swimming, hiking trails, boat launch. Fee area.

km 1258.1/mile 781.7 Tenmile Creek.

km 1264/mile 785.4 Lone Tree Creek.

km 1273.1/mile 791 Deadman Creek. Fishing.

km 1277.9/mile 794 (HM 825) Timber Point, parking.

km 1295/mile 804.7 Canol Road Junction (Yukon Highway 6). Side road leads 220 km/136 miles to the Campbell Hwy. 96 km/60 miles to campground at Quiet Lake (good fishing). No travel facilities between here and Ross River. This road parallels the \$130-million Canada Oil pipeline which carried oil to Whitehorse over 600 miles from 60 producing wells near the Arctic Circle. Check road conditions locally.

km 1295.5/mile 805 Teslin River and Bridge. Good fishing for trout, grayling, northern pike, small spoons, spinners and flies.

km 1302.4/mile 809.3 Little Teslin Lake.

km 1314.7/mile 816.9 Seaforth Creek, rest area, toilets.

km 1316/mile 817.7 Squanga Lake Yukon government campground, 16 camp sites. Fishing grayling, northern pike and whitefish is best from a small boat. Squanga is an Indian name for the whitefish that are found in the lake. Fee area.

km 1328.5/mile 825.5 Rest area.

km 1341.6/mile 833.6 (HM 866) Jake's Corner. From this junction, Yukon Highway 8 leads 55 km/34 miles to Carcross, a goldrush town. From Carcross, the Skagway-Carcross Highway continues 105 km/65 miles to Skagway Alaska, most northerly stop on the Alaska Marine Highway System Carcross can be visited as part of a "loop trip" which rejoins the Alaska Highway at 1455 km/904 mile.

For a mile-by-mile description of the Skagway-Carcross Highway, including Carcross, (see Klondike Highway).

One mile from this junction on the road to Carcross, <u>Yukon Highway 7</u> branches off to <u>Atlin</u>, famous pioneer gold mining town.

km 1351.9/mile 840 Judas Creek, fishing.

km 1379/mile 857 Marsh LakeYukon ogvernment campground. 41 campsites, swimming beach, toilets, tables, kitchen shelter, playground, hiking trails, fishing-lake trout, grayling and northern pike.

km 1381.3/mile 858.3 McClintock River, parking at north end of bridge. Boat launch.



km 1388.1/mile 862.5 Kettley's Canyon.

km 1393/mile 865.4 Yukon River Bridge and Dam. Rest area, toilets, boat launch.

km 1404.4/mile 872.6 Junction Yukon Highway 2, from Carcross, and Skagway.

km 1406.6/mile 874 Cowley Creek.

km 1408.2/mile 875 Wolf Creek Yukon government campground, 40 camp sites, well water, toilets, tables, kitchen shelter, playground, hiking trails and fishing. Fee area.

km 1410.7/mile 876.5 Meadow Lakes Executive Par 4 golf course.

km 1414.7/mile 879 (HM 911) Pioneer RV Park. 5 minutes to downtown Whitehorse. Full service RV Park. Full and partial hookups, showers, laundromat. 867-668-5944 or 1-866-626-7383 for reservations.

km 1416.2/mile 880 Side Road. One-half mile to Miles Canyon and suspension footbridge. Past the footbridge the road follows the shoreline of Schwatka Lake until, just past the hydro dam, it joins the main access route into Whitehorse. Caution: The road is narrow, winding and steep.

wm 1417/mile880 Philmar Enterprises, Recreational Vehicle Service and Supply. Complete RV and automotive repair.

km 1419/mile 881.7 Information rest stop.

**Mr 1419.4/mile 882 Hi Country RV Park* 91374 Alaska Highway (Top of Robert Service Way); 867 667-7445 or toll free 1-877-458-3806, fax 867 668-6342. Great location, close to airport and downtown. 130 scenic treed sites, panoramic view, fill hook-ups, 30 amp service, cable TV, laundromat, clean showers. RV wash and dump station. Tickets available for local shows and attractions. Convenience store and gift shop. www.hicountryrvyukon.com

km 1419.4/mile 882 South access route to Whitehorse.

km 1422.3/mile 883.8 Yukon Transportation Museum. This is a very interesting stroll through the Yukon's past. You will see the "Queen of the Yukon," Lindbergh's sister airship, as well as many other types of transportation that helped open the early Yukon to modern times.

Beringia Interpretive CentreThis multimedia exposition features life-size exhibits of animals of the last ice age, interactive CD-ROM kiosks and dioramas depicting the unique landscape, flora and fauna of Beringia. Highlights of the Centre are a full-size cast of the largest woolly mammoth ever recovered and a reconstruction of the 24,000 year old Bluefish Caves archaeological site.

The Centre is on the Alaska Highway, just south of the Whitehorse Airport (km 1473) and five minutes from downtown. Parking for recreational vehicles. Wheelchair accessible. Hours 8am to 9pm daily, mid-May to mid-September. Reduced hours for the rest of year. Admission fee. 867-667-8855



km 1423/mile 884 Whitehorse Airport.

km 1425.5/mile 885.8 Junction. Two Mile Hill descends to Whitehorse city center with all visitor facilities and lots to see and do.

● Kopper King located on the Alaska Highway just north of Whitehorse. FasGas Plus gas & diesel products. Convenience store, Liquor off sales, Free dump station, and water with fill-up. 867-668-2347

km 1428.2/mile 887.4--McIntyre Creek.

km 1428.3/mile 887.5 Fish Lake Road.

km 1437/mile 893.6. Junction of Klondike Highway to Dawson City.

km 1468.9/mile 912.7-Takhini River.

km 1481/mile 920 -Annie Ned Creek.

km 1484/mile 922 Rest area.

km 1489.1/mile 925.3 -Side road to viewpoint 3.2 km/2 miles, Takhini River Campground 15 km, Kusawa Lake campground 23 km/14 miles, gravel road is narrow and winding, camp sites.

km 1503.6/mile 934.3 -Mendenhall River

km 1534.8/mile 953.3 Cracker Creek.

km 1546/mile 960.6-Otter Falls visitor facilities.

km 1547.5/mile 961.6 Aishihik River, Rest Area at east end of Aishihik bridge with view of Canyon Creek Bridge, originally built in 1920 to haul supplies to Silver City, it was rebuilt in 1942 during construction of the Alaska Highway The bridge was typical of the type of construction used on the Alaska Highway. It was rebuilt again in 1987 and the Yukon government refurbished it in 2005.

Aishihik Lake Campground 42 km/26 miles, camp sites, shelter, fishing. Aishihik road leads 29 km/18 miles to Otter Falls day-use recreation site. Picnic tables, kitchen shelters and boat launch. There is fly fishing for lake trout, grayling and rainbow below the falls. 17 km/11 miles beyond the falls is the southern end of 40 mile-long Aishihik Lake with boat launch and fishing for lake trout, grayling and northern pike. The road (which is maintained only as far as Otter Falls) continues on to the abandoned First Nations village of Aishihik, 135 km/84 miles (and is not recommended for large RV's).

km1562.5/mile 970.9 Marshall Creek

km 1566.2/mile 973.2 Rest Area.



km 1572.2/mile 976.9-Pine Lake Public Campground. 42 camp sites, water, fire pits, shelters, swimming beach, excellent interpretive trial. Fishing and boating in nearby lake for lake trout, grayling, white fish, burbot and pike. Fee area.

km 1584/mile 984.3-Rest area.

km 1578.5/mile 980.8 -Haines Junction. Population 800.

wm 1579.2/mile 981.2 Kluane RV Kampground gas and oil products. Full hook-ups, showers, laundromat, convenience store, gift shop and gas.

km 1584/mile 984 Rest Stop

km 1589/mile 987.3 Trailhead.

km 1589.1/mile 987.4 Parking.

km 1596.7/mile 992.1 Spruce Beetle Trail, Rest Area.

km 1598.6/mile 993.3 Bear Creek Summit. 1,004 meters/3294 ft. Highest point on the highway between Whitehorse and Fairbanks.

km 1608.5/mile 999.5 Jarvis River, parking at north end of bridge.

km1610/mile 1000 Rest Area.

km 1614.2/mile 1003 Sulphur Lake.

km 1628/mile 1011.6 Rest Area.

km1630.4/mile 1013 Christmas Creek.

km 1633/mile 1014.7 Boutillier Summit. 1,003 meters/3290 ft. Second highest point on the highway between Whitehorse and Fairbanks. If you are heading North this is your first glimpse of Kluane Lake.

km 1635.5/mile 1016.2 Rest area, interpretive sign on the Kluane Lake and First Nations history.

km 1635.8/mile 1016.4 Turn east on gravel road for 5 km/3 miles to ruins of Silver City. This old trading post, with roadhouse and North West Mounted Police barracks was on the wagon road from Whitehorse to the gold fields of Kluane Lake.

km 1636.6/mile 1017 Silver Creek.

km 1642/mile 1020.3 Kluane Lake is 46 miles long is the largest lake in the Yukon. It is famed for its beauty and fishing. Huge waves are not uncommon on this lake, so if you are using a boat be careful and pay attention to the weather.

km 1642.1/mile 1020.4 Rest Area beside Kluane Lake.



km 1647.4/mile 1023.6 Slim's River Bridge. Crosses ancient glacier moraine at head of Kluane Lake. Sheep Mountain, bordering highway is in Kluane National Park. Dall Sheep are often seen on hillside. Visitor Infocenter is at base of mountain. Hiking or walking about in this area in April and May could disturb lambing as well as vegetation crucial to winter survival.

km 1648.9/mile 1024.5 Sheep Mountain Visitor Information Center. Rest area. Viewing platforms with telescopes for viewing sheep. Interpretive programs. Open 9 to 4, mid-May to mid-September.

Slim's River West trailhead adjacent to information center.

● Cottonwood RV Park at km 1658 pull-through sites, lake side sites, tent area, wi-fi, store, dump station, showers, log cabin rentals, and modern rest rooms. This is the only facility in the area that specializes in camping. The wooded sites at the edge of Kluane Lake are beautiful and people often end up staying for several days in this wilderness paradise. 867-841-4066 www.yukonweb.com/tourism/cottonwood

km 1662.5/mile 1033 Rest Area.

km 1666.1/mile 1035.3 Congdon Creek Campground, 81 camp sites, tables, toilets, kitchen shelter. Fee area.

km 1666.6/mile 1035.6 Congdon Creek.

km 1676.8/mile 1042 Nines Creek.

km 1677.5/mile 1042.3 Mines Creek.

km 1680.2/mile 1044 Bock's Brook.

km 1684.4/mile 1046.6 Destruction Bay. Small highway community.

Destruction Bay

Emergency Services: Medical 867-841-4444; fire 867-841-3333. Year-round travel facilities and accommodations.

■ Talbot Arm Motel km 1684.5/mile1046.7 For over 45 years has served the traveling public. Open year-round it has 32 deluxe motel units, a full service dining room, cocktail lounge, groceries, package liquor and ice. Fas Gas, oil products and propane. Water, hot showers, Laundromat and clean rest rooms. Overnight RV parking and winter plug-ins are available. 867 841-4461
www.talbotarm.com

km 1685.1/mile 1047 Rest Stop on Cluett Creek.

km 1690.3/mile 1050.3 Lewis Creek. A forest fire in June 1999 raged from km 1752 to the Duke River bridge, km 1709.

km 1695.4/mile 101053.5 Copper Joe Creek.



●km 1700.8//mile 1093 Kluane Museum has a world-class wildlife exhibit that is open to the public. There are many displays about the Southern Tutchone people and the many plant species that are indigenous to the area. There is a display of 8,000 year old Mammoth teeth and a gift shop with a large selection of local native handicrafts. 867-841-5561

➡km 1700/mile 1093 Burwash Landing Resort is one of the original highway lodges and has a dining room well known for serving local lake trout dinners. There is a cocktail lounge, camper hookups, lakeshore camping, gas and oil products. 867-841-4441

km 1760/mile 1093.7 Dalan Campground.

km 1702.8/mile 1058 Burwash Airport.

km 1709.5/mile 1062.2 Duke River, flows into Kluane Lake; it was named for George Duke, a prospector in the area. A forest fire in June 1999 raged through this area.

km 1717/mile 1066.9 Burwash Creek.

km 1724.7/mile 1071.7 Sakiw Creek.

km1726/mile 1072.5 Kluane River, rest area.

km1728.9/mile 1074.3 Quill Creek. Site of Hudson's Bay Company nickel mine, the Wellgreen, which closed in 1973.

km 1737/mile 1079.3 Kluane Village Highway Lodge.

km 1739.7/mile 1081 Swede Johnson Creek.

km 1755.5/mile 1090.8 Rest area, toilets. Interpretive display. Mount Walsh is visible from here. Canada's highest peak, Mount Logan (5957 m/19,545 feet), and Mount Kennedy, named for the late U.S. President, are obscured by intervening mountains.

km 1761.6/mile 1094.6 Donjek River Bridge. White volcanic ash is part of deposit ranging from Watson Lake to a point west of Alaska/Yukon border. Deposited over 14 centuries ago, it varies in depth from a few inches to over 300 feet.

km 1770.4/mile 1100 Parking.

km 1782.5/mile 1107.6 Edith Creek.

Km 1783.1/mile 1108 Pine Valley Highway Lodge.

km1791.1/mile 1112.9 Lake Creek Campground, toilets, tables and kitchen shelters. Fee area.

km 1802.1/mile 1119.8 Pickhandle Lake Recreational Site

km 1810.1/mile 1124.7 Koidern River Fishing Lodge.



km 1810.2/mile 1124.8 Koidern River. # 2.

km 1818.6/mile 1130 White River Bridge.

km 1832.4mile 1138.6 Sanpete Creek.

km 1837.5.8/mile 1141.8 Dry Creek # 1.

km 1840.8/mile 1143.8 Rest area.

km 1841.9/mile 1144.5 Dry Creek # 2.

km 1849.3/mile 1149.1 Snag Road Intersection.

km 1849.6/mile 1149.3 Snag Junction Campground, 15 sites, toilets, tables, picnic shelter, fire pits. Fee area.

km 1858/mile 1154.5 Rest area.

km 1860.4/mile 1156 Enger Creek.

km 1870.6/mile 1162.3 Beaver Creek.

km 1870.8/mile 1162.5 Dayuse picnic area.

km 1872.9/mile 1163.8 Rest Area.

km 1873.6/mile 1164.2 Beaver Creek Airstrip.

km 1873.8/mile 1164.3 Canada Customs and Immigration, open 24 hours a day year round. All traffic entering Canada must stop.

km 1881.6/mile 1169.2 Snag Creek.

km 1883.7/mile 1170.5 Mirror Creek. Fishing for Grayling.

km 1884.4/mile 1170.9 Rest area.

km 1897/mile 1178.7 Little Scottie Creek.

km 1902.5/mile 1182.2 Canada/ USA International Border. Rest Area; information sign with facts on International border.

The bold number in the highway description is the distance from Dawson Creek, British Columbia. If you are northbound the markers change from kilometres to miles. If you are heading south the markers are in kilometres.

km 1902.5/mile 1182.2 <u>US Customs and Immigration</u>. All traffic entering Alaska must stop. Open 24 hrs. Time Zone Change. If you are traveling to Alaska it is one hour earlier, The <u>Yukon</u> is on Pacific Time Zone. It is the law in <u>Alaska</u> to travel with your headlights on at all times.



km 1902.5/mile 1182.2 You're now entering Alaska's broad, interior plateau extending from the Wrangell and Alaska Mountain Ranges to the Brooks Range beyond the Yukon River. Highway descends gradually over the 300 miles to Fairbanks along the Tanana River.

There is a 40mile/64 Kilometre difference between the Yukon Log Numbers and the Alaska Road Log Numbers

mile 1223/km 1968 East boundary of Tetlin National Wildlife Refuge.

mile 1223.4/km 1268.8 Scotty Creek.

mile 1224.8/km 1971 Interpretive sign, parking, the Arctic Loon can often be seen in these marshes.

mile 1225.5/km 1972.2 Border City Trading Post.

mile 1228/km 1976 Parking with information sign on "Corridors" for Passage".

mile 1229/km 1977.8 Tetlin National Wildlife is a dynamic landscape made up of forests, wetlands, tundra, lakes, mountains and glacial rivers bounded by the snowy peaks of the Alaska Range. This upper Tanana River valley has been called the "Tetlin Passage," because it serves as a major migratory route for birds traveling to and from Canada, the lower 48 and both Central and South America. Many of these birds breed and nest on the refuge. Others pass through on their way to breeding and nesting grounds elsewhere in the state. Migrants, including ducks, geese, swans, cranes, raptors and songbirds, begin arriving in the valley in April, and continue into early June. An estimated 126 species breed on Tetlin during the short summer, when long days and warm temperatures accelerate the growth of plants, insects and other invertebrates, providing a ready source of rich foods for nesting birds.

Tetlin Refuge also supports a variety of large mammals. Dall sheep dot the higher slopes while moose feed upon the tender new growth that springs up in the wake of frequent lightning caused fires. Wolves, grizzly and black bears and members of three different caribou herds range over the refuge.

Arctic grayling, burbot, lake trout, northern pike and whitefish are present in refuge lakes and streams. No significant salmon runs reach this far inland.

As one of the only two road-connected Alaskan refuges, Tetlin has the unique opportunity of reaching nearly all the visitors who travel to the state via the Alaska Highway. Visitors from all over the United States and many foreign countries pass along Tetlin's northern boundary every year. This gives the refuge an outstanding opportunity to provide interpretation about Alaskan habitats and the National Wildlife Refuge System. To meet this challenge, the refuge is an active participant in the Alaska Public Lands Information Center in Tok, and has a visitor reception center with interesting display at mile 1229.

mile 1233/km 1984 Parking.

mile 1240/km 1995.5 Parking, Hidden Lake Trail.

mile 1240.2/km 1995.9 The vertical culverts along the road were one of many attempt to prevent the permafrost from thawing and the road from falling apart.

mile 1243.6/km 2001.3 Scenic view, Information sign on "The Changing Landscape".

mile 1244/km 2002 Visible to the north are the Mentasta Mountains, part of the Alaska Range.



mile 1246.7/km 2006.3 Gardiner Creek, parking at south end of bridge. Grayling fishing.

mile 1247.8/km 2008 Scenic view, parking.

mile 1249.5/km 2010.8 Deadman Lake Public Campground. 1-mile side road. No drinking water. Toilets, tables, fishing, nature trails and boat launch.

mile 1250/km 2011.6 Rest area.

mile 1252.2/km 2015.2 Parking with Information sign on the "Solar Basin".

mile 1256/km 2021 Lakeview Public Campground. 8 camp sites, boating, fishing.

mile 1263.5/km 2033.4 The Chisana River (shoe-san'-ah) parallels the highway.

mile 1264/km 2034 Northway Junction, visitor facilities. 7 mile/11 km side road to Northway-groceries, motel, gas, camping. The Community is made up of approximately 400 people, mainly Athabascans. Northway was named after the late chief Walter Northway, who passed away in 1993 at the age of 117.

mile 1269/km 2042 Scenic view of Tanana River, parking with Information sign on "Highways of Water". 100 yards upstream the Chisana and Nabesna Rivers join to form the Tanana (tan'-nah-naw) River.

mile 1272.9/km 2049 Parking with Information sign "Ponds are not Forever".

mile 1274/km 2050.1 Parking.

mile 1284.7/km 2067.5 Parking.

mile 1289/km 2074.4 View of Midway Lake.

mile 1289.4/km 2075 Scenic view, turn around limited for RV's towing vehicles. Interpretive sign.

mile 1291/km 2077.6 July 1998 fire destroyed thousands of acres along the highway.

mile 1292.4/km 2079.8 Parking area with scenic view

mile 1293.8/km 2082.1 Parking.

mile 1301.7/km 2094.8 Tetlin Junction (to Dawson City). Eagle 161 miles/259 km; Dawson City 174 miles/280 km; here the Taylor Highway (Alaska Route 5) joins the Alaska Highway. The Taylor Highway is the north end of the 500 mile/800 km "loop highway" which takes you through Dawson City, Yukon. The south end of the loop connects with the Alaska Highway at mile 925/1488 km near Whitehorse. Taylor Highway, see Yukon Highway 9.

mile 1302.6/km 2096.3 Parking, loop road rejoins highway at mile 1303.

mile 1303/km 2097 Grim evidence of the devastating fire that terrorized the local residents during July 1990.

mile 1303.3/km 2097.4 Tanana River bridge.



mile 1308.5/km 2105.8 Weigh station and turn-off to U.S. Coast Guard LORAN-C station.

mile 1308.8/km 2106.3 Parking.

mile 1309.3/km 2107 Tok River State Recreation Site. 27 camp sites, maximum length 60 feet. Picnic shelter, water, boat launch, hiking trail, telephone and toilets, fire pits. Fee area.

mile 1309.4/km 2107.2 Tok River Bridge.

mile 1312.6/km 2112.4 Tok Dog Mushers Association, track and grounds. The Tok Race of Champions Sled Dog Race is held annually each March.

mile 1314/km 2114.6 Tok Alaska. Population 1400.

mile 1314.8/km 2116 Northern Energy - Tesoro gas & oil products.

mile 1325.7/km 2133.4 Tanacross Junction.

mile 1330.1/km 2140.5 Scenic view.

mile 1330.7/km 2141.5 Parking.

mile 1332/km 2143.5 Moon Lake State Recreation Site. 17 camp sites, tables, water, toilets, boat launch, good swimming, beach. A nice spot but camp sites are small.

mile 1333.6/km 2146.2 Yerrick Creek. Parking.

mile 1338.1/km 2153.4 You will cross Cathedral Creek three times in the next mile.

mile 1342.2/km 2160 Sheep Creek.

mile 1344.6/km 2163.9 Rest area.

mile 1347.4/km 2168.3 Robertson River Bridge.

mile 1350.5/km 2173.4 Scenic view; parking.

mile 1353.6/km 2178.3 Jan Lake Road.

mile 1357.5/km 2184.6 Bear Creek Bridge, parking.

mile 1358.7/km 2186.5 Chief Creek, parking.

mile 1361.3/km 2190.7 Dot Lake. Headquarters for Dot Lake Native Corp.

mile 1370.1/km 2205 Scenic view, parking.

mile 1371.4/km 2207 Berry Creek, parking. Grayling fishing, small spoons or flies are best.

mile 1374.3/km 2211.7 Sears Creek, parking.



mile 1378/km 2217.6 Dry Creek.

mile 1379/km 2219.2 Parking, good view of surrounding mountains on a clear day. Pay phone

mile 1380.5/km 2221.6 Johnson River Bridge.

mile 1381/km 2222.4 Parking, trail to Lisa Lakes.

mile 1383.9/km 2227.1.6 Craig Lakes-turn south on old highway bypass to sign marking location of half-mile trail. Fishing for trout.

mile 1385/km 2228.9 Parking, Tanana River access, boat launch.

mile 1388.4/km 2234.4 Little Gerstle River. Parking

mile 1391.7/km 2239.7 Parking.

mile 1392.5/km 2241 Black Veterans Memorial Bridge over the Gerstle River.

mile 1393/km 2241.8 Rest area.

mile 1401.1/km 2255 Parking.

mile 1403.8/km 2259.1 Sawmill Creek.

mile 1411.7/km 2273.2 Scenic view, parking.

mile 1414.8/km 2276.8 Clearwater State Recreation Site, 8.5 miles northeast on Jack Warren loop road, travels through the extensive farmland of the Delta Junction area. It rejoins the Richardson Highway at mile 268, just north of Delta Junction. 15 camp sites, water, toilets, boat launch. Grayling fishing in Delta-Clearwater River. Fee area.

mile 1422/km 2288.4 <u>Delta Junction Alaska</u>, area population 5700. Junction of the Alaska and <u>Richardson Highways</u>.